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# **Vehicle Fires - Prevention and Safety**



## **Vehicle Fire Topics**

Statistics

Prevention

Fire Extinguishers

Extinguishment

#### **Vehicle Fires in the U.S. in 2003 - 2007**

- U.S. fire departments responded to an average of 287,000 vehicle fires per year in 2003 2007.
- These fires caused an average of 480 civilian deaths.
- 1,525 civilian injuries.
- \$1.3 billion in property damage.

## **Vehicle Fire Statistics**

Vehicle fires were involved in 17% of reported U.S. fires.

■ 12% of U.S. fire deaths.

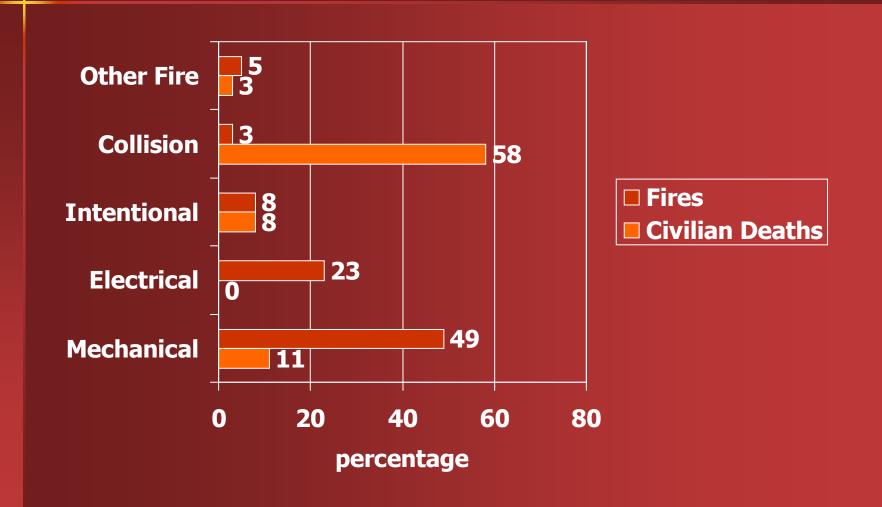
8% of U.S. civilian fire injuries.

9% of property damage.

## **Vehicle Fire Statistics**

- On average, 31 vehicle fires were reported per hour.
- These fires killed one person a day.
- Older teens and young adults are age groups at highest risk of vehicle fire deaths.
- 1/3 of non-fatal vehicle fires injuries occurred when civilians attempted to fight the fire themselves.

## 2003-2007 Highway Vehicle Fires and Deaths by Fire Causal Factors



### **Vehicle Fire Prevention**

#### Vehicle maintenance is crucial to preventing vehicle fires.

- Have your vehicle inspected annually by a professional technician.
- Watch for fluid leaks under vehicles, cracked or blistered hoses.
- Watch for wiring that is loose, has exposed metal or has cracked insulation.
- Be alert to the way your vehicle sounds when running.

### **Vehicle Fire Prevention**

- Be alert to a visible plume of exhaust coming from the tailpipe.
- Be alert to a louder than usual exhaust tone or a backfiring exhaust.
- These could indicate damage to the hightemperature exhaust and emission control system.

Have any of these conditions inspected and repaired as soon as possible.

### **Vehicle Fire Prevention**

- Avoid smoking. If you must smoke, use your vehicle ashtray, not window.
- Drive to posted speed limits, traffic rules and changing road conditions.
- Have a multipurpose fire extinguisher in your vehicle, easily seen and accessible.
- Do not park vehicle where combustibles come in contact with the catalytic converter. (Car Shows)

#### What type of fire extinguisher is best?

- Several fire hazards.
- Oil, gas, electrical wires and upholstery.
- Must be able to handle all fire hazards.

#### Dry chemical fire extinguishers are the best.

- Rated for use on any A,B and C class fire.
- Class A Combustibles. Upholstery, etc.
- Class B Liquids. Oil, gas, etc.
- Class C Electrical. Wires, etc.

#### How do dry chemical extinguishers work?

- Filled with foam or powder (baking soda).
- Pressurized with nitrogen.
- Baking soda, once decomposed, releases carbon dioxide which smothers oxygen.
- The chemical reaction is interrupted by a layer of powder separating the fuel from the oxygen.

#### Proper Use Of Fire Extinguishers

- P.A.S.S. Method
- Pull The pin releasing the locking mechanism.
- Aim At the base of the fire/fuel, not the flames.
- Squeeze The lever releasing the extinguishing agent.
- Sweep From side to side approaching the fire once it starts to diminish.

#### **Fire Extinguisher Demonstration**

- You tube video
  - Fire Extinguisher Demonstration.
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?NR=1&f eature=endscreen&v=2Z2C13gJh-g

#### Before fighting a fire, be certain that:

- The fire is small and not spreading.
- Your have the proper fire extinguisher.
- Your fire extinguisher is charged.
- You know how to use your fire extinguisher.

#### Never fight a fire if:

- The fire is spreading rapidly.
- Extinguishers are for small fires only. Fire doubles in size every minute.
- There is too much smoke.
- Due to the risk of explosion and toxic fumes from vehicle fires, smoke inhalation is the most common form of fire-related deaths.

#### How to fight a fire safely

- Pull to the side of the road Avoid traffic.
- Stop the vehicle Secure vehicle.
- Put the vehicle in park Secure vehicle.
- Turn off the ignition Stopping gas/electric.
- Set the emergency brake Secure vehicle.

#### How to fight a fire safely

- Safely exit the vehicle Avoid traffic.
- Extinguish fire Using P.A.S.S.
- Call 9-1-1 Fire department response.
- Watch for re-ignition Avoid smoke.
- Note: Never raise the hood with visible flames in the engine compartment. The rapid influx of oxygen could cause the fire to flash causing serious injury.

## **Enjoy Our Fiero's**



## Thank You

